Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier

Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd		Phone: 0417 329 133 (all hours)	
Shop 4, 30 Heber Street		Fax: 07 3337 9882	
Moree, NSW 2400			
Chemical nature:	Blend of Diflufenican and Bromoxynil octanoa	te in a suitable solvent system.	
Trade Name: ACP Diflufenican / Bromoxynil Selective Herbicide			
Product Use:	Agricultural herbicide for use as described on	the product label.	
Creation Date:	December, 2015		
This version issued:	March, 2022 and is valid for 5 years from the	is date.	
Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia			
Section 2 - Hazards Identification			

Statement of Hazardous Nature

SUSMP Classification: S6 ADG Classification: Class 6.1: Toxic substances. UN Number: 2902, PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.







GHS Signal word: DANGER

Flammable liquids – category 4 Acute toxicity (oral) – category 4 Aspiration hazard – category 1 Skin irritation – category 2 Eye irritation – category 2B Acute toxicity (inhalation) – category 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – category 3 Reproductive toxicity – category 1 Hazardous to aquatic environment (chronic) – category 1

HAZARD STATEMENT:

H227: Combustible liquid.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H320: Causes eye irritation.
- H331: Toxic if inhaled.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PREVENTION

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P261: Avoid breathing fumes, mists, vapours or spray.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264: Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

RESPONSE

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

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P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P391: Collect spillage.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used.

STORAGE

P405: Store locked up.

P402+P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

DISPOSAL

P501: Dispose of contents and containers as specified on the registered label.

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Clear light yellow to dark brown liquid.

Odour: Aromatic odour.

Major Health Hazards: toxic if inhaled, may cause harm to unborn children, irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin, irritating to respiratory system and skin, harmful if swallowed, possible skin sensitiser, possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients				
Ingredients	CAS No	Conc,%	TWA (mg/m ³)	STEL (mg/m ³)
Bromoxynil (as Bromoxynil octanoate)	1689-99-2	250g/L	not set	not set
Diflufenican	83164-33-4	25g/L	not set	not set
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	175g/L	103	309
Liquid hydrocarbon	secret	397g/L	790	not set
Other non hazardous ingredients	secret	to 100	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

General Information:

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

Inhalation: If inhalation occurs, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure.

Skin Contact: Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor.

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Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire and Explosion Hazards: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream on hot liquids. Vapours from this product are heavier than air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. They may also flash back considerable distances.

Fire decomposition products from this product are likely to be toxic and corrosive if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Extinguishing Media: Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

Fire Fighting: If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is little danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

Flammability Class: Flammable Category 4 (GHS), C1 combustible (AS 1940)

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear full protective chemically resistant clothing including eye/face protection, gauntlets and self contained breathing apparatus. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. No special recommendations for clothing materials. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8).

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Because of the environmentally hazardous nature of this product, special care should be taken to restrict release to waterways or drains. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. Refer to product label for specific instructions. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this SDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Storage: This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. If you keep more than 10000kg or L of Dangerous Goods of Packaging Group III, you may be required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment: Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501

set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: AS1336 and AS/NZS 1337, Occupational Protective Footwear: AS/NZS2101.

SWA Exposure Limits	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	103	309
Liquid hydrocarbon	790	not set

The ADI for Bromoxynil (as Bromoxynil octanoate) is set at 0.003mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOEL is set at 0.3mg/kg/day. ADI means Acceptable Daily Intake; NOEL means No-observable-effect-level. Data from Australian ADI List, June 2014.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

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Ventilation: This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

Eye Protection: Protective glasses or goggles should be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may cause them harm. Emergency eye wash facilities are also recommended in an area close to where this product is being used.

Skin Protection: If you believe you may have a sensitisation to this product or any of its declared ingredients, you should prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material Types: We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: PVC. **Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties: Physical Description & colour: Clear light yellow to dark brown liquid. Odour: Aromatic odour. **Boiling Point:** Not available. Flash point: About 66°C **Upper Flammability Limit:** No data. Lower Flammability Limit: No data. Autoignition temperature: No data **Freezing/Melting Point:** No specific data. Liquid at normal temperatures. Volatiles: No data. Vapour Pressure: No data. Vapour Density: No data. **Specific Gravity:** About 1.1 Water Solubility: Emulsifiable. pH: No data. Volatility: No data. **Odour Threshold:** No data. **Evaporation Rate:** No data. Coeff Oil/water Distribution: No data **Particle Characteristics:** Not applicable for liquids.

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid: Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. **Incompatibilities:** strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition: Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. May form nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres. May form hydrogen fluoride gas and other compounds of fluorine. Bromine compounds. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death. **Polymerisation:** This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Local Effects: Target Organs:

There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

Bromoxynil (as Bromoxynil Octanoate) is a SWA Class 3 Reproductive risk, possible risk of harm to the unborn child. N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone is a SWA Class 2 Reproductive risk, may cause harm to the unborn child. Bromoxynil (as Bromoxynil Octanoate) is classed by SWA as a potential sensitiser by skin contact.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient

Bromoxynil (as Bromoxynil Octanoate)

Health Hazard Statement Codes

H361d, H331, H302, H317, H410

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- Reproductive toxicity category 2
- Acute toxicity category 3
- Acute toxicity category 4
- Skin sensitisation category 1
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) category 1
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) category 1

Diflufenican

H412

• Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) – category 3

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

- Eye irritation category 2A
- Skin irritation category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) category 3
- Reproductive toxicity category 1B

Chronic toxicity:

Bromoxynil octanoate caused specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies in the following organ(s): liver. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

H319, H315, H335, H360D

Diflufenican did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone caused specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies in the following organ(s): testes.

Mutagenicity Assessment

Bromoxynil octanoate was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Diflufenican was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Carcinogenicity Assessment

Bromoxynil octanoate caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in the following organ(s): liver.

The mechanism of tumor formation is not considered to be relevant to man.

Diflufenican was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

This product contains ≥ 1% naphthalene. Naphthalene caused an increased incidence of tumours after chronic

inhalation of high vapour concentrations in the following organ: Respiratory Tract. The tumours seen with naphthalene were caused through a non- genotoxic mechanism, which is not relevant at low doses.

Assessment Toxicity to Reproduction

Bromoxynil octanoate did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Diflufenican did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone caused testicular damage and male infertility

Assessment developmental toxicity

Bromoxynil octanoate caused a delayed foetal growth, an increased incidence of nonspecific malformations.

Bromoxynil octanoate caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams.

Diflufenican did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone is considered a developmental toxicant based on developmental toxicity studies in rats.

Potential Health Effects

Persons sensitised to Bromoxynil should avoid contact with this product.

Inhalation:

Short Term Exposure: Available data shows that this product is toxic, but symptoms are not available. In addition product is an inhalation irritant. Symptoms may include headache, irritation of nose and throat and increased secretion of mucous in the nose and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but they should disappear after exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

Skin Contact:

Short Term Exposure: Classified as a potential sensitiser by skin contact. Exposure to a skin sensitiser, once sensitisation has occurred, may manifest itself as skin rash or inflammation, and in some individuals this reaction can be severe. In addition product is a skin irritant. Symptoms may include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

Eye Contact:

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Short Term Exposure: This product is an eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased. However, lengthy exposure or delayed treatment may cause permanent damage.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

Ingestion:

Short Term Exposure: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Available data shows that this product is harmful, but symptoms are not available. However, this product is an oral irritant. Symptoms may include burning sensation and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status:

SWA: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.

NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment.

For Bromoxynil:

Birds: LD₅₀ bobwhite quail: 170mg/kg LD₅₀ mallard: 2350mg/kg

Fish: LC₅₀ bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus): 0.06mg/L

Algae: EC₅₀ Desmodesmus subspicatus 1mg/L

Daphnia: EC₅₀ 0.046mg/L

For Diflufenican:

LD₅₀ Bird: bobwhite quail: >2150mg/kg LD₅₀ mallard: >4000mg/kg

LC₅₀ Fish: rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*): >0.109mg/L

EC₅₀ Algae: >10mg/L

EC₅₀ Daphnia: >0.24mg/L

Environmental fate, persistence and degradability, mobility

Bromoxynil: Not readily biodegradable. Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 230. In soil DT_{50} is < 1 day, in laboratory test. Degraded by hydrolysis and debromination. Not readily biodegradable.

Diflufenican: Not readily biodegradable. Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.596. DT₅₀ varies from 85.6 to 282 days depending on soil type and water content.

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone is readily biodegradable.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Special help is available for the disposal of Agricultural Chemicals. The product label will give general advice regarding disposal of small quantities, and how to cleanse containers. However, for help with the collection of unwanted rural chemicals, contact ChemClear 1800 008 182 http://www.chemclear.com.au/ and for help with the disposal of empty drums, contact DrumMuster http://www.drummuster.com.au/ where you will find contact details for your area.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

UN Number: 2902, PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Hazchem Code: 2X
Special Provisions: 61, 223, 274
Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 5 L for this class of product.
Dangerous Goods Class: Class 6.1: Toxic Substances.
Packing Group: III
Packing Instruction: P001, IBC03, LP01

Class 6 Toxic Substances shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 3 (Flammable Liquids where the Flammable Liquid is nitromethane), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances where the Toxic Substances are cyanides and the Corrosives are acids), Foodstuffs and foodstuff empties. They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes, 2.1 (Flammable Gases), 2.2 (Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gases), 2.3 (Toxic Gases), 3

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(Flammable liquids, except where the flammable liquid is nitromethane), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents except where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides except where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 7 (Radioactive Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances except where the Toxic Substances are cyanides and the Corrosives are acids), 9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods)

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

AIIC: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with AICIS regulations. The following ingredients: Bromoxynil, N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, Liquid hydrocarbon, are mentioned in the SUSMP.

Section 16 - Other Information

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:				
ADG Code	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7 th edition)			
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals			
SWA	Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC			
CAS number	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number			
Hazchem Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters			
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer			
NOS	Not otherwise specified			
NTP	National Toxicology Program (USA)			
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons			
UN Number	United Nations Number			
THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.				
IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUP				

OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020) and GHS Revision 7

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